

FAIR Data Implementation Progress Report

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What is Data Centricity?

Data-Centricity puts data at the centre of the enterprise.

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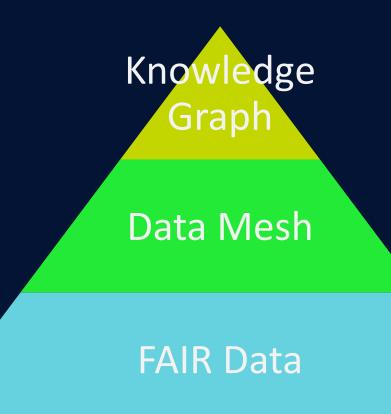
Applications are optional visitors to the data. (Data-centric manifesto)

Data-centricity involves structuring our **data around the science** that we do **rather than the systems** that we use. It promotes data reusability over system-centric design.



Data Centricity Enables Knowledge Applications

FAIR Data is the Foundation for all inquiry and analysis



Knowledge Graph(s) and configurable apps/analytics emerge

> Data Mesh utilizes FAIR principles for interoperable, reusable Data Products

Data-centricity can be realized with a commitment to a **FAIR Data foundation** and a loosely-coupled **Data Mesh** manifested in a **Knowledge Graph**.

The value of data centricity

• Random stuff by car

L1

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- Data conformed, integrated, processed and audited to support specific consumption patterns
- Data is conformed using a domain level data

mode Well organised

L4

L3

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prodaict data model

Scientist.

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- Creation of analytics reache Marts' enabling self service applytics: Citizen Data Scientist

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Requires average level technical and

subject matter knowledge to use: Data



• Scale and furgineisation at the

L5

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- I'll know it when I find it searches
- Amazon subscription services - schedule delivery, Dash buttons
- Alexa Al guided
- Services Music and video
- Market place for other vendors

Credit to Graham Henry, Sandra McGarry, Kerstin Forsberg and Ben Gardner

Building Knowledge Graphs A three-legged stool

Control Vocabularies

FAIR Data Product Reference Model



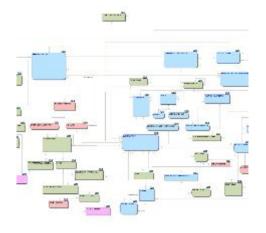
"Start with meaning"

Dave McComb, Semantic Arts

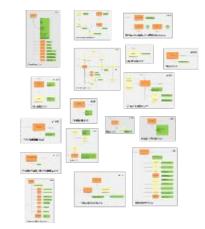


Ontology Architecture overview

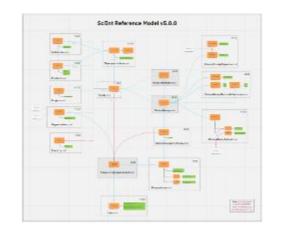
Conceptual Model



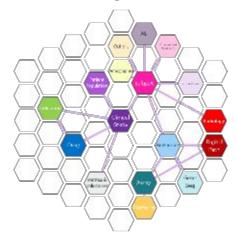
Entity Ontology



Application Ontology



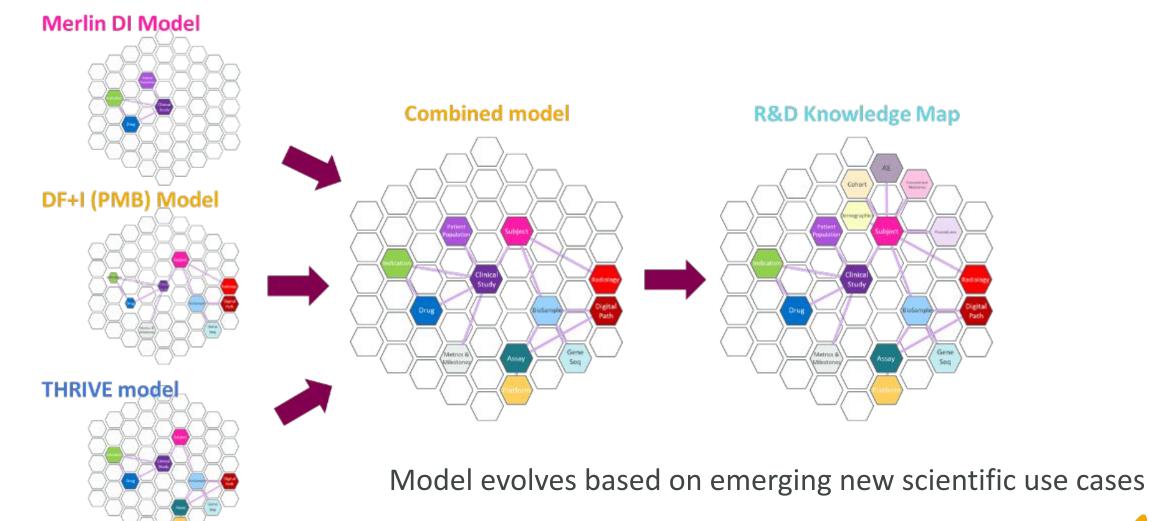
Honeycomb



A conceptual model that provides the minimum linking of shared entities used across domain and application models. Entity Ontologies describe individual concepts and act as building blocks for importing into application ontologies. Application Ontologies are built to support a specific application. Honeycombs used to communicate concept of knowledge map, illustrate use case coverage and organic evolution.



Strategy to organically grow a knowledge map (Increasing the breadth, depth and complexity of questions enabled





Model

Foundational CV's deliver Quality all the way up

SKOS-XL

https://pid.astrazeneca.net/ref/cvname/{ID}



Foundational CV

Well designed atomic controlled vocabulary built to a common standard

Broad coverage for multiple domains/applications

Decided by SMEs, enabled by specialist curators



Collections

A collection of terms derived from existing atomic controlled vocabularies that meet specific application needs/use cases



Silo'ed picklists

Uncoordinated list of strings used by an application



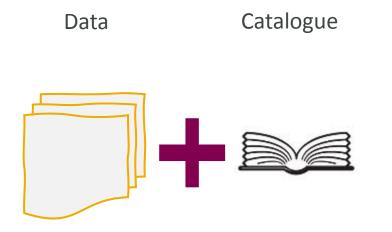
Local CV

Well designed atomic controlled vocabulary built to a common standard

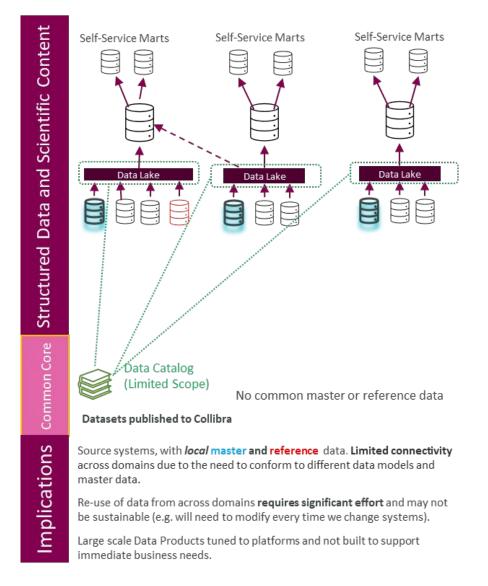
Narrow coverage for a domain/application

Decided by use case specific governance, enabled by editorial capability & appropriate tools

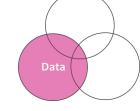
Data Domain level FAIR (L4) a great first step



Find - Data registered in Collibra and tagged with CMM Access – Access controlled via Collibra request service Reuse – Documentation captured against data



But we are FAR from FAIR We MUST go further



FAIR metrics (Level 4)

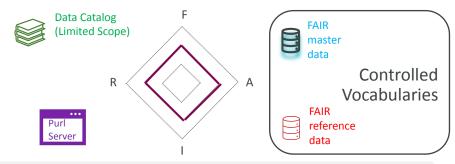
Find - Data registered in Collibra and tagged with CMM

Access – Access controlled via Collibra request service

Reuse – Documentation captured against data

Data record discoverable in Collibra

FAIR metrics (Level 5)



Find - Data registered in Collibra and tagged with CMM

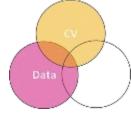
Access – Access controlled via Collibra request service

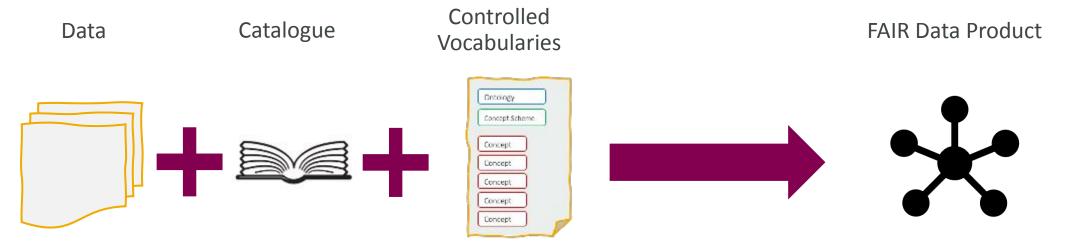
Interoperable – Data enhanced with shared CV and PIDs

Reuse – Documentation captured against data, includes data dictionary, etc

Data record discoverable in Collibra Data enriched to create interoperability Data is Machine Readable

Enterprise Level FAIR (L5) A FAIRe(nough) data product

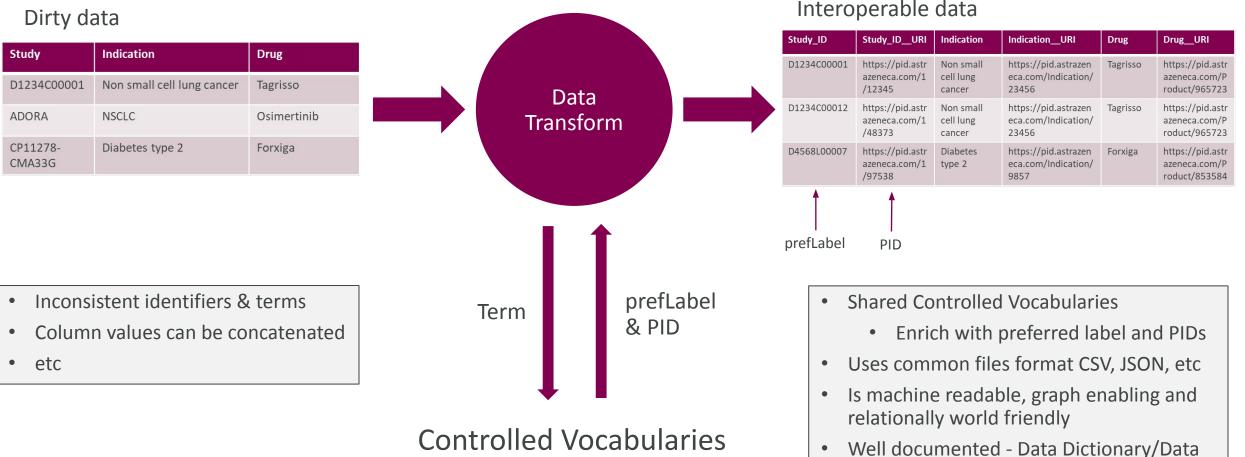




The minimum viable FAIR Data standard should deliver

Findable	Accessible	Interoperable	Reusable
Registered and discoverable in a Data Catalogue	Mechanism for requesting and receiving data	The data has been aligned to AZ standards where they exist	Documentation describing the constraints associated with using the data
		The PID for each instance in the standard is included to make the data machine readable	Documentation describing the data i.e. data dictionary, schema, etc

Data and Controlled Vocabularies Putting Interoperability into FAIR



Interoperable data

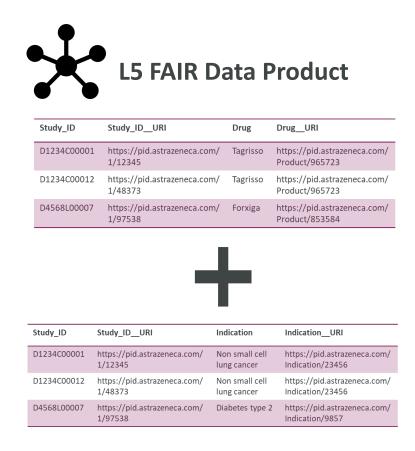
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Schema/etc

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L5 FAIR Data Products benefit all

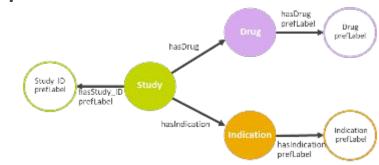
Inclusion of PIDs simplifies data integration irrespective of target data model



Relational

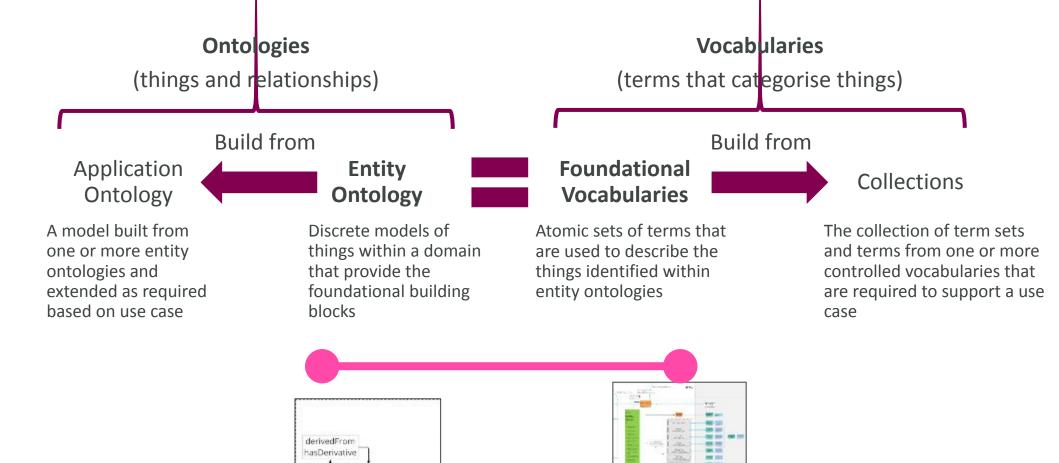
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D1234C00012	https://pid.astrazeneca.com/ 1/48373	Non small cell lung cancer	https://pid.astrazeneca.com/ Indication/23456	Tagrisso	https://pid.astrazeneca.com/ Product/965723
D4568L00007	https://pid.astrazeneca.com/ 1/97538	Diabetes type 2	https://pid.astrazeneca.com/ Indication/9857	Forxiga	https://pid.astrazeneca.com/ Product/853584

Graph



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Aligning entities with controlled vocabularies is key



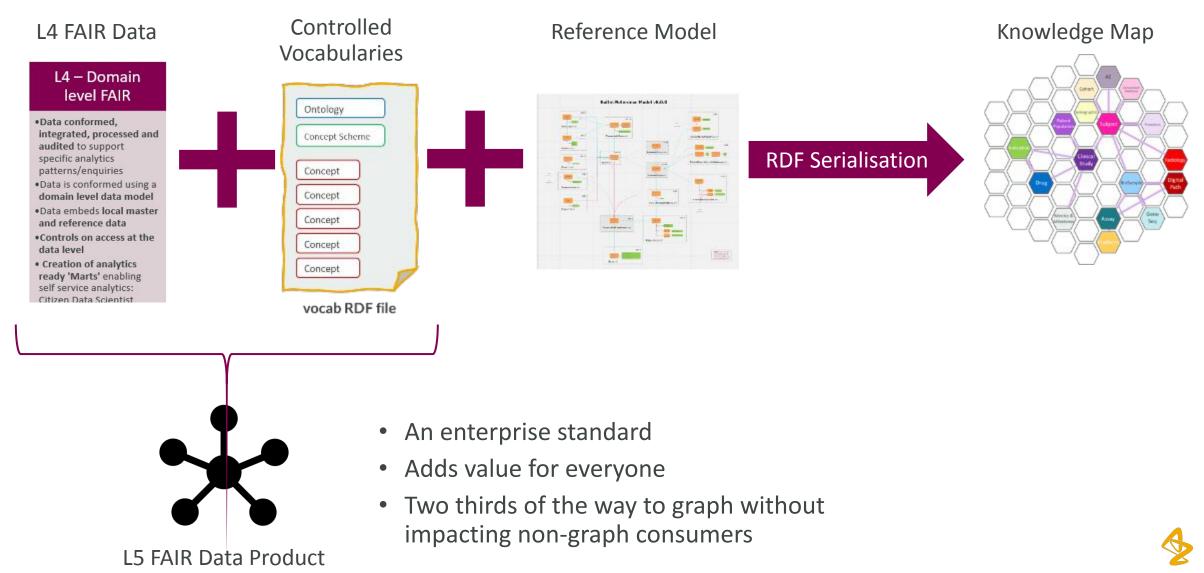
Biospecimen



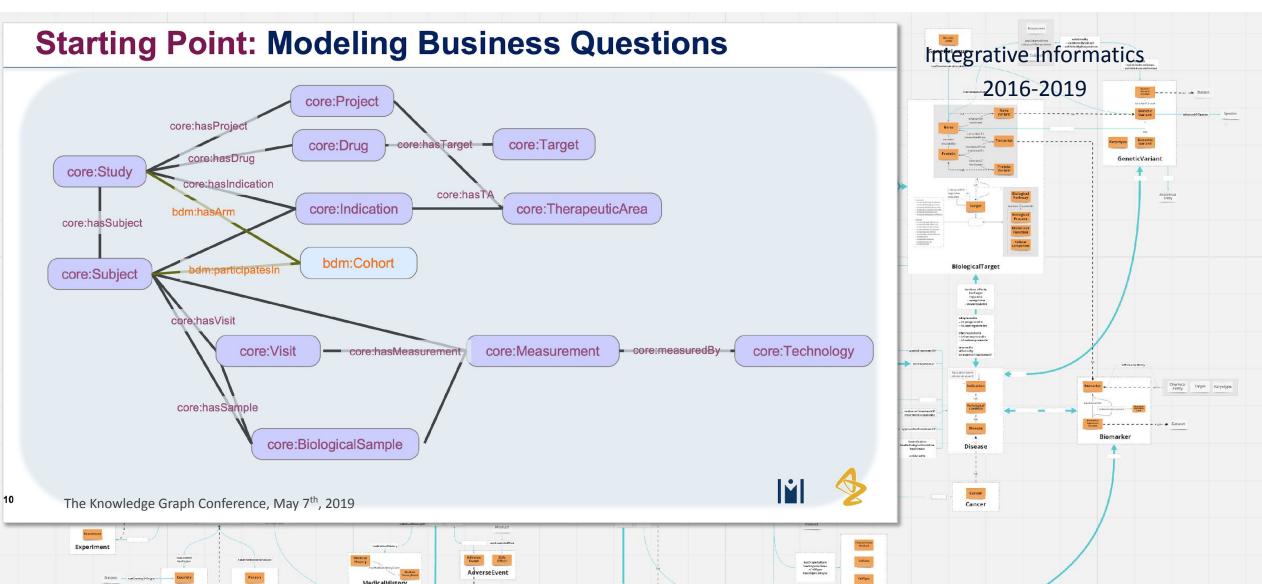
Knowledge Level FAIR (L6)

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A FAIR data product minimises the gap between relational and graph worlds



Accepting Change You may need to give up your tactical solution



Bringing it all back together

FAIR Data

- FAIR metrics goal 80% Data FAIR by 2025
- Standards, resources, tooling and governance
- FAIR assessment in place
- PID server and standard patterns agreed

Controlled Vocabularies

FAIR Data Product

Controlled Vocabularies

- RDM service implemented
- SKOS-XL based CV framework & workflow designed
- Editorial controls in place
- Prioritisation & creation of CV underway

Ontology Architecture

- Scalable and sustainable
- Reusable library of entity ontologies
- Organic evolution of reference ontology

Across AstraZeneca Acknowledgements

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Mark Reuter Tom Plasterer **James Holman** Martina Devoti **Stacy Mather** Di Flvers Colin Wood Sandra Mc Garry Gareth Henry Kerstin Forsberg Calle Nordmark

Ontology Working Group Alliance Pistoia **FAIR Toolkit** 1. Metric Tools & Best Practice 2. Training resources 3. Culture change process 4. Use case examples 5. Cost benefit examples Adapt for Life Science industry

Leverage existing FAIR resources

Questions?

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